PH MINUS

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	O o fo tra Da				
Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830					
SECTION 1. Identification of the s	ubstance/mixture	and of the company/u	ndertaking		
<b>1.1. Product identifier</b> Product name	PH MINUS				
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance           Intended use         Specific product	or mixture and uses adv for reducing the pH of p				
Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer		
Products such as pH regulators, flocculants, precipitators, neutralizing agents	-	-	ERC: 9b. PC: 20.		
Uses Advised Against			1 0. 20.		
None known					
Name Full address District and Country	NEW PLAST SRL VIA BRESCIA, 10/E 26010 POZZAGL IT tel. +39 0375	IO (CR)			
	CCIAA 133770				
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	<u>info@poolmaster.i</u>	t			
Product distribution by:	NEW PLAST SRL				
<b>1.4. Emergency telephone number</b> For urgent inquiries refer to	Telefono d'emergen	za 0375 55066			
		li Milano 02 66101029 (CAV Osp	pedale Niguarda Ca' Granda		
	-Milano) (H24) Centro Antiveleni d	li Pavia 0382 24444(CAV IRCCS	Fondazione Maugeri-Pavia)		
	Centro Antiveleni o	li Bergamo 800 883300 (CAV Os	spedali Riuniti -Bergamo)		
		li Firenze 055 7947819 (CAV Os li Roma 06 3054343 (CAV Polici			
		li Roma 06 49978000 (CAV Polici			
		li Napoli 081 7472870 (CAV Osp			

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Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes serious eye damage.

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet. Hazard classification and indication: Skin corrosion, category 1B H314 Serious eye damage, category 1 H318 2.2. Label elements Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements. Hazard pictograms:

Signal words:

Danger

**SECTION 2. Hazards identification** 

Hazard statements:

H314

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

P102 P280 P305+P351+P338	Keep out of reach of children. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue
P314 P302+P352	rinsing. Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell. IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH SKIN: wash with plenty of water.
Contains:	HYDROCHLORIC ACID SODIUM HYDROGENSULPHATE

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

### **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

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Contains:

Identification SODIUM HYDROGENSULPHATE	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
CAS 7681-38-1	10 ≤ x < 20	Eye Dam. 1 H318
EC 231-665-7 INDEX 016-046-00-X		
Reg. no. 01-2119552465-36		
HYDROCHLORIC ACID		
CAS 7647-01-0	5≤x< 10	Met. Corr. 1 H290, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note/notes according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: B
EC 231-595-7		5
INDEX 017-002-01-X		
Reg. no. 01-2119484862-27-xxxx		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: eliminate any contact lenses. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30/60 minutes, opening the eyelids well. Consult a doctor immediately.

SKIN: wash immediately with water and rinse. Change clothes if necessary. If irritation persists or tissue damage occurs, consult a doctor. In case of skin irritation consult a doctor.

INGESTION: DO NOT induce vomiting. Consult a doctor immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or with cramps. INHALATION: Call a doctor immediately. Bring the subject to fresh air, away from the accident site. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration. Take appropriate precautions for the rescuer.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes serious eye damage.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available.

### **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: The extinguishing media are the traditional ones: carbon dioxide, foam and chemical powder. For leaks and spills of the product that have not ignited, the nebulized water can be used to disperse the flammable vapors and to protect the people involved in stopping the loss. NON-SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Do not use water jets. Water is not effective for extinguishing the fire but it can be used to cool closed containers exposed to the flame, preventing bursts and explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS DUE TO EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE: Avoid breathing combustion products: carbon oxides.

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#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION: Cool the containers with water jets to avoid decomposition of the product and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Wear, if necessary, complete fire protection equipment. Collect extinguishing water that must not be discharged into drains. Dispose of the contaminated water used for the fire extinguisher and the residue according to the regulations in force. EQUIPMENT: Not necessary for small fires. If necessary, wear fire-fighting clothing such as a fireproof suit (EN469), fireproof gloves (EN659) and boots for firefighters (HO A29 or A30) depending on the amount of product and any other materials involved in the fire.

### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Stop the leak if there is no danger. Wear appropriate protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to in section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent contamination of the skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications are valid both for workers involved in the work and for emergency interventions.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent the product from entering sewers, surface waters, water tables.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Vacuum the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used with the product, checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Ensure adequate ventilation of the area affected by the loss. Disposal of the contaminated material must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information regarding personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### SODIUM HYDROGENSULPHATE

Conservare in luogo fresco e ben aerato a temperatura inferiore a 30°C.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See the exposure scenarios attached to this safety datasheet.

### **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

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#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

EU OEL EU

Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

#### SODIUM HYDROGENSULPHATE

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC			
Normal value in fresh water	11,09	mg/l	
Normal value in marine water	1,109	mg/l	
Normal value for fresh water sediment	40,2	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for marine water sediment	4,02	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for water, intermittent release	17,66	mg/l	
Normal value of STP microorganisms	800	mg/l	
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	1,54	mg/kg/d	

#### HYDROCHLORIC ACID

<b>Threshold Limit Value</b>								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observation		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
OEL	EU	8	5	15	10			
Predicted no-effect concent	tration - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water	r			36	mg/l			
Normal value in marine wat	ter			0,036	mg/l			
Normal value for water, inte	ermittent release			0,045	mg/l			
Normal value of STP micro	organisms			36	mg/l			
Health - Derived no-ef	fect level - DNEL / Effects on consumers	DMEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation					15 mg/m3		8 mg/m3	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

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When choosing risk management measures and operating conditions, consult the exposure scenarios attached.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

#### HAND PROTECTION

In the case of prolonged contact with the product, protect the hands with penetration-resistant work gloves (see standard EN 374). Work glove material must be chosen according to the use process and the products that may form. Latex gloves may cause sensitivity reactions.

Wear safety footwear for professional use of category III (ref. Directive 89/686 / EEC and standard EN ISO 20344) and anti-acid clothing for complete protection of the skin. Immediately replace contaminated clothing and wash them thoroughly before re-using them. Wash with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

None required, unless indicated otherwise in the chemical risk assessment.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

For information on controlling environmental exposure, see the exposure scenarios attached to this safety datasheet.

#### **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	pungent
Odour threshold	Not available
рН	1
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	> 100 °C
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability of solids and gases	not applicable
Lower inflammability limit	Not applicable
Upper inflammability limit	Not applicable
Lower explosive limit	Not applicable
Upper explosive limit	Not applicable
Vapour pressure	17,5 mmHg
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	1,12 g/cm3
Solubility	insoluble

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	< 200 cps
Explosive properties	not explosive
Oxidising properties	non ossidante
9.2. Other information	
••••	
Molecular weight	1.946,566
Frost point	< 0°C

### **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

In the absence of data relating to the preparation, the following information refers to the substances that make up the mixture.

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Avoid heating sources.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect from the sun and heat sources. Protect from moisture.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available.

#### SODIUM HYDROGENSULPHATE

The aqueous solution is incompatible with: metals.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of excessive heating the product may decompose liberating potentially toxic gases.

SODIUM HYDROGENSULPHATE

May develop: sulphurous anhydride, sulphuric anhydride.

### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

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#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component) ATE (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component) ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

SODIUM HYDROGENSULPHATE

LD50 (Oral) 5989 mg/kg ratto

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

LC50 (Inhalation) 1,68 mg/l/1h ratto (HCl anidro)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

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Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organ HYDROCHLORIC ACID

sistema respiratorio.

Route of exposure HYDROCHLORIC ACID

inalazione.

#### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

#### HYDROCHLORIC ACID

It is established that the aquatic toxicity of HCl occurs when the quantity is such as to produce very low pH (eg pH 3-5). Given the proposed uses, as only insubstantial perturbations of pH levels are expected, there are no long-term risks to aquatic organisms. In the aquatic environment the effects of HCl are evidently linked to the pH effect since HCl completely dissociates in the H + and Cl- ions (not dangerous): therefore HCl will not reach the sediments and the terrestrial environment. EC50 (4h): 4.92 pH (Daphnia magna), EC50 / 72h: 4.82 pH (Algae), LC50 / 96h: 3.25-3.5 oH (freshwater fish)

SODIUM HYDROGENSULPHATE	
LC50 - for Fish	7960 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	1766 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	10228 mg/l 32 giorni
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	
LC50 - for Fish	282 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	< 56 mg/l/72h

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#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

HYDROCHLORIC ACID HCl is an inorganic substance that is not biologically degradable.

SODIUM HYDROGENSULPHATE

Entirely degradable

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Entirely degradable

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

HYDROCHLORIC ACID bioaccumulation phenomena are not expected. **12.4. Mobility in soil** 

#### HYDROCHLORIC ACID

If released into the soil, absorption is minimal. Depending on the buffer capacity of the soil, the H + ion is neutralized in the pores of the inorganic or organic material or the pH can be lowered. EC50 (3h): 5-5.5 pH. The substance has an inhibitory effect on the breathing speed of the activated sludge. **12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** 

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

### **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1789 IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

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ADR / RID:	HYDROCHLORIC ACID MIXTURE
IMDG:	HYDROCHLORIC ACID MIXTURE
IATA:	HYDROCHLORIC ACID MIXTURE

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 8	Label: 8	
IMDG:	Class: 8	Label: 8	
IATA:	Class: 8	Label: 8	B See See



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, III IATA:

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 80 Special provision: -	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (E)
IMDG:	EMS: F-A, S-B	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
ΙΑΤΑ:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 856
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 5 L	Packaging instructions: 852
	Special provision:	A3, A803	

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

### **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

CODICE ISS (Azienda / preparato): 00466200359 / U65

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 Product 3 Point Contained substance Point 75 SODIUM HYDROGENSULPH ATE Reg. no.: 01-2119552465-36 HYDROCHLORIC Point 75 ACID Reg. no.: 01-2119484862-27-xxxx Regulation (EC) No. 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors Not applicable Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%. Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012: None Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None Healthcare controls Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected. 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

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SODIUM HYDROGENSULPHATE

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

### **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Met. Corr. 1	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Use descriptor system:

ERC	9b	Widespread use of functional fluid (outdoor)
PC	20	Processing aids such as pH-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament

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3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament

- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 15 / 16

### **Exposure Scenarios**

Product Scenario Title Revision nr. File

Product Scenario Title Revision nr. File

PH MINUS IDROGENOSOLFATO DI SODIO EN 0103 1.pdf

PH MINUS ACIDO CLORIDRICO EN 1057 2.pdf